



Newsletter

MARCH, 2019



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The voice of the president

The Mexican Ombudsperson condemns the high levels of violence against women despite legal progress about it, and he invites his counterparts to take care of the fulfillment of the defense mechanisms on each country

Geneva, Switzerland, March 5, 2019

Luis Raúl González Pérez, Mexican Ombudsperson, condemned that in many countries of the region levels of violence against women are on the rise, despite the big progress on laws. He invited the National Human Rights Institutions (NHRIs) to pursue the fulfillment of the defense mechanisms on their countries, so the rights and dignity of women are respected.

By participating at the Annual Meeting of the Global Alliance of National Human Rights Institutions (GANHRI), in Geneva, Switzerland, he said that there should not be a single act of violence against women and that laws have not been enough to prevent them. He added that, in order to counteract this problem; the main challenges still are public policies, political willingness of governments, and budgets.

On the activity “knowledge exchange. Addressing women’s and girls’ human rights by applying NHRIs’ mandate and functions under the Paris Principles: NHRIs’ experiences, lessons, and practices”, this activity was divided into three sessions, in which strategies of promotion, protection, cooperation and organization culture of the NHRI were developed, he put Mexico as an example, “we have good laws, we have adopted international and regional conventions, but nowadays, violence against women still remain”.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_077.pdf



Event of the month

DGC/090/19

The national Ombudsperson expresses that Mexico needs to consolidate its democratic institutionalism, through checks and balances. He also said that this country needs to overcome speeches that polarize the population.

Geneva, Switzerland, March 14, 2019

Luis Raúl González Pérez, Mexican Ombudsperson, expressed before the members of the UN Human Rights Council the need of consolidating its democratic institutionalism through checks and balances. He also noted that, the country still needs to strengthen the professionalization of public service and respecting dissension, and to overcome speeches that polarize the population.

At the 40th session of the UN Human Rights Council regarding the adoption of the results on Mexico of the Third Cycle of the Universal Periodic Review. He also exhorted the Mexican government to establish measures that guarantee the implementation of all accepted recommendations, the 3,200 received from different international bodies, and he said that a new National Plan on Human Rights offers a great opportunity for that end.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_090.pdf



THE MEXICAN OMBUDSPERSON AND MICHELLE BACHELET, HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR HUMAN RIGHTS HOLD A MEETING IN ORDER TO STRENGTHENING INSTITUTIONAL BONDS

DGC/079/19

Geneva, Switzerland, March 07, 2019

Luis Raúl González Pérez, President of the National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH), held a work meeting with Ms. Michelle Bachelet, UN High Commissioner for Human Rights in order of strengthening bonds between them. They agree to build a common collaboration agenda related to the defense of human rights.

In the meeting, held on the frame of GANHRI Annual Meeting, they addressed issues like the National Guard and its importance to have a civil command, as well as the need of training the police. Likewise, one of the subjects was the setback of the widening of the mandatory pretrial detention, the importance of the recommendation of the Iguala case, key element for future probes of the new government; also, they talked about that one of the major challenges of the Mexican state has to do with disappearances.

Furthermore, the meeting included issues like child daycares and shelters for women, especially that the lack of support would create a void that might provoke violations to human rights. They stressed that is important to carry out assessments for investigating and penalizing irregularities without disregarding the need of population who benefits from these services.

Both agreed on the intense activity of the CNDH with the Treaty-based bodies and the positive synergies with the Office of the High Commissioner in Mexico; regarding immigration, they emphasized the challenges related to the return of Central America refugee applicants in the United States who returned to our country by unilateral decisions from the United States. Discussing the National Council for the Development and Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities (CONADIS), they highlighted the importance of not disregarding public policies with a human rights approach and its role on the implementation of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.



http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_079.pdf

MEXICAN OMBUDSPERSON PROPOSES TO THE GLOBAL ALLIANCE OF NATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS INSTITUTIONS (GANHRI), AN INTERINSTITUTIONAL COOPERATION PROTOCOL WHICH PROTECTS IMMIGRANTS

DGC/082/19

Geneva, Switzerland, March 8, 2019

Luis Raúl González Pérez, Mexican Ombudsperson, said he is in favor of the human rights of immigrants worldwide, and he called on the members of the Global Alliance of National Human Rights Institutions (GANHRI) to implement an interinstitutional cooperation protocol to protect them, as well as to increase regional collaboration with other Ombudsmen in order to contribute for the implementation and follow-up of the Global Compact for Migration.

By participating at the Annual Meeting of GANHRI, González Pérez made clear the commitment of the National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) as body of the Mexican State, for making efforts to reach the goals into the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration. Therefore, in order to achieve the unhindered respect of the human rights of people on international move.



http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_082.pdf

THE CNDH WARNS THAT THE PROBABLE DISAPPEARANCE OF CONADIS, WOULD CREATE A DIRECT DAMAGE TO THE RIGHTS OF THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES, WHO HISTORICALLY HAVE BEEN VICTIMS OF DISCRIMINATION AND STIGMATIZATION

DGC/85/19

March 10, 2019

By ratifying the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, the Mexican State acquired the commitment of protecting, promoting and ensuring the enjoyment and exercise of the human rights of persons with disabilities to fulfill their complete inclusion on society.

Consequently, the National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) warns that the eventual disappearance of the Council for the Development and Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities (CONADIS) would provoke a direct damage to the rights of persons with disabilities, who historically have been victims of discrimination and stigmatization by society, which has impeded them access to a full exercise of their human rights on equal conditions with the rest of the population.



On an official document addressed to the Undersecretary of Human Rights, Immigration and Population, Alejandro Encinas Rodríguez, adding a copy to the Ministry of the Interior, Olga Sánchez Cordero, the CNDH made seven assessments regarding the recent announcement of the probable disappearance of CONADIS.

The CNDH highlighted the importance of this body as a mechanism of coordination to facilitate the adoption of measures related to the application of the aforementioned convention. Therefore, the CNDH considers that the government must not abolish it, instead, it should be strengthened to transform it into a mechanism of strategic planning that ensures the cross-cutting on governmental actions, and can provide advice the three levels of government on the design of policies and actions for the attention of persons with disabilities, with an approach on sustainable development and human rights, and to assess its public policy.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_085.pdf

THE CNDH DEMANDS BEFORE THE OAS THAT NATIONAL STATES CREATE SCHEMES OF ENTERPRISE MODEL WHICH RESPECT HUMAN RIGHTS

CGCP/086/19

March 12, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) demanded before members of the Organization of American States (OAS) that regional national States have to assume with bigger strength the creation of sustainable schemes of enterprise models that respect human rights. It expressed that this regional problem is a shared topic, and the formulations to solve it ought to be extensive because the common goal is to achieve an enterprise culture for respecting human rights.

To that end, the CNDH asked national States to conclude their National Plan of Action to define their political will regarding the respect for human rights in enterprise activities. To fulfill this, they must align their legislation with the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights in order to establish legal, clear and concrete duties for enterprises on human rights and dully-entrepreneurial diligence to mitigate and eliminate negative risks or impacts over fundamental rights, as well as for possible reparation.

For that, it is necessary the existence of laws that establish duties related to the respect of human rights by enterprises on their activities. The CNDH highlighted particularly the cases in which enterprises establish a legal relationship with the State. In addition, it pointed out that the execution of prevention actions on human rights violations is a must-go road in all national Human Rights Institutions (NHRI) before the State and enterprises.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_086.pdf



THE CNDH ASKS FEDERAL AND STATE AUTHORITIES FROM TAMAULIPAS TO IMPLEMENT PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO TRACE AND SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF SOME 22 IMMIGRANTS WHO SUFFER DEPRIVATION OF FREEDOM

DGC/087/19

March 12, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) asked different federal and state authorities from Tamaulipas, the implementation of precautionary measures in order to safeguard the integrity of some 22 immigrants who according to public information were deprived of freedom on kilometer 79 of the San Fernando-Reynosa Highway. The CNDH also asked to carry out all the necessary and sufficient actions in order to speed up their search and localization in prevention of an irreparable damage to their rights to life, safety, and integrity.



The CNDH considers of major importance to emphasize that this case is about alleged disappeared people, and that investigations have to identify their nationality. As well, the investigations have to speed up the procedures required to guarantee them the right to justice in its modality of administration, like safeguarding the videotapes gotten from that particular place, and all those necessary clues for a proper investigation.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_087.pdf

THE CNDH AND CEAV EXHORT THE GENERAL PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE TO FIGHT THE SENTENCE THAT EXONERATED 21 PEOPLE FROM THE CRIME OF ORGANIZED CRIME AND FOR THE EXECUTION OF FIVE YOUNG PEOPLE, IN TIERRA BLANCA, VERACRUZ

DGC/092/19

March 15, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) and the Executive Commission for Attention to Victims (CEAV), according to their responsibilities, exhort the General Prosecutor's Office (FGR) to file legal resources in order to fight the sentence issued on March 8. This exonered 21 people, among them eight of the public service for the crime of organized crime and for acts occurred in Tierra Blanca, Veracruz on January 11, 2016, in which state police in collusion with organized crime groups, according to the judicial investigation, disappeared and executed five young people.

The CNDH and CEAV express their concern that sensible cases like this put in doubt Mexican justice because in this case impunity remains. The CNDH and CEAV consider that, in this case it was not presented sufficient evidence to establish the responsibility of the accused public servants, what can become in a violation to the human right to truth in detriment of the victims, their families, and society.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_092.pdf



BERNARDO
BENITEZ ARRONIZ



JOSÉ
BENITEZ DE LA O.



SUSANA
TAPIA GARIBO



MARIO ARTURO
OROZCO SANCHEZ



JOSÉ ALFREDO
GONZÁLEZ DÍAZ

THE CNDH CONDEMNS THE HOMICIDE OF THE JOURNALIST, SANTIAGO BARROSO ALFARO, IN SAN LUIS RÍO COLORADO, SONORA, AND DEMANDS THE STATE PROSECUTOR PROTECTION FOR HIS FAMILY, AND TO NOT LEAVE OUT ANY LINE OF INVESTIGATION

DGC/094/19

March 16, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) condemns the homicide of the journalist and broadcaster Barroso Alfaro, anchor of the program San Luis Hoy, director of the news website Red 653 and collaborator of the weekly newspaper Contraseña, in the State of Sonora, and expresses its condolences and solidarity to his family.

This national commission asked the Government Secretary and the General Prosecutor of Justice, both from the State of Sonora, to safeguard the life and safety of the Barroso Alfaro's family, and provide them emotional support. Specifically, it asked the justice prosecutor to analyze at all times the line of investigation linked to his journalist work.



Personnel from the CNDH on that State collects information about the case and will be alert on the advances of the investigation. The CNDH shows its solidarity with the journalists' guild from Sonora and reiterates its concern for the lack of proper mechanisms from authority to prevent and avoid killings of journalists that seek to inhibit the professional exercise of journalism.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_094.pdf

THE CNDH CONSIDERS INSUFFICIENT THE EFFORTS OF AUTHORITIES TO END THE HIGH RATE OF KIDNAPPING AGAINST IMMIGRANTS

DGC/096/19

March 18, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) sees that efforts from authorities to end crimes have not been effective, nor any coordination between federal and state bodies to stop the high number of kidnappings of immigrants because there are no mechanisms of follow-up and measures analysis of to prevent them. The acting of authorities does not correspond with the seriousness and frequency of this crime, which has increased because of impunity, among other reasons.

This national body warns with concern that aggressions against this vulnerable group remain, prove of that is what happened recently in Tamaulipas. This troubles not only foreigners on the move, but the whole community due to the insecurity in that zone and in others, because of the risks they face moving through it, affecting the Rule of Law and the complete exercise of human rights.

Since 2009, the national commission has publicly denounced the cases of immigrants who are victims of crimes on their way through the country. Since then, the CNDH asked authorities of the three levels of government the adoption of investigation measures, protection, and prevention to address such problem, as well as the creation of public policies that guarantee no-repetition of those crimes to benefit the complete protection of the human rights of that vulnerable group.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_096.pdf



THE CNDH EXHORTS AUTHORITIES OF THE DIFFERENT LEVELS OF GOVERNMENT TO ENCOURAGE A STRONG ACTION PLAN TO SAFEGUARD FORESTS, TO PROTECT ENVIRONMENT AND TO ACHIEVE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

DGC/101/19

March 21, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) calls on federal, state and municipal authorities, as well as society to raise awareness about the importance of preserving the forests of our country, and alerts that if the risks are not addressed, they can provoke the loss of forests and other ecosystems.

The CNDH expresses its concern about Mexico becoming one of the first places in the world on high rates of deforestation according to the Study of Trends and Perspectives on Forestry Sector in Latin America year 2020 – Mexico National Report, made by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

On the occasion of the International Day of Forests, the CNDH exhorts authorities of three levels of government to encourage a strong action plan to safeguard forests and to protect environment according to Article 4 of the Constitution, the legal framework, stressing the General Law on Forestry Sustainable Development; as well as the treaties signed and ratified by Mexico regarding this topic, like the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Convention on Biodiversity

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_101.pdf



CIVIL SOCIETY CALLS ON THE MEXICAN STATE TO COMPLY ITS CONVENTIONAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL DUTIES ON THE PROTECTION OF GIRLS AND BOYS GUARANTEEING THEIR ACCESS TO DAYCARE FACILITIES

DGC/102/19

March 21, 2019

By initiative of Clara Torres Armendáriz and Lía Limón, the National Meeting for the well-being of Childhood took place, whose venue was the Antigua Casona de Xicoténcatl, previous venue of the Senate. Senators, federal and local representatives, staff from daycare facilities coming from some States of the country attended such meeting in order to make visible and analyze the impact of the publishing of the Operational Rules of the Support Program for the Well-Being of Girls and Boys, Children of Working Parents and Single Fathers for the 2019 Budget on the rights of girls, boys, working parents and workers in those facilities of child care and development.

The CNDH coordinated two panels: current consequences of the closure of daycare facilities and solution alternatives for the closure of daycare facilities. On the first panel, a girl and two women beneficiaries of the program participated, as well as a worker responsible of a daycare facility in the Municipality of Ayala, in the State of Morelos, who highlighted the favorable impact that early stimulation has on the development of girls and boys. Likewise, they said that the closure of these facilities represents a discriminatory measure against women, who without this service, could be forced to resign their jobs to take care of their children, and it could mean to expose them to bigger risks like suffering negligent treatment, violence, and sexual abuse by leaving them at the care of other people.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_102.pdf



THE CNDH CONSIDERS POSITIVE THE FOSTERING OF A BIGGER TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ABOUT ACTIONS OF THE MINISTRY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE SUPPORTING PUBLIC SECURITY

DGC/103/19

March 21, 2019

On the juncture regarding the approved constitutional reforms for the reconsideration of the National Guard, the National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) reiterates the need that the acting of the National Guard, as well as of our armed forces on tasks of public security, is ruled to correct parameters of transparency and accountability that allow society to know the extent and terms of them.

In this regard, the CNDH welcomes the sense of the issued resolutions by the National Institute on Access to Information (INAI) in the files RRA 0030/19 and RRA 0266/2019, which recommend the Ministry of National Defense (SEDENA) the need of allowing access to the information related to the participation of its members on public security actions on topics like the number of detained, harmed and dead people on such actions; also, on parameters and applicable norms on the use of force, as well as police certified reports, among others.



http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_103.pdf

THE CNDH CONDEMNS THE HOMICIDE OF THE SPORTS REPORTER OMAR IVÁN CAMACHO, AND ASKS PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES FOR HIS FAMILY AND PERSONNEL FROM THE RADIO STATION WHERE HE USED TO WORK IN SINALOA

DGC/109/19

March 25, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) condemns the homicide of the sports reporter Omar Iván Camacho, in Sinaloa, and expresses its condolences and solidarity to his family. At the same time, the CNDH asked the Government Secretary and the General Prosecutor, both from the State of Sinaloa, the implementation of precautionary measures to protect his family and the heads and collaborators of the radio station where he used to work.

Personnel from the CNDH had communication with his family to whom offered attention and support before authorities. The personnel is on their way to that State to carry out the first procedures in coordination with the State Commission of Human Rights.

http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_109.pdf



THE CNDH AFFIRMS THAT MEXICAN SOCIETY MUST NOT BE SILENT REGARDING VIOLENCE AGAINST GIRLS, BOYS AND TEENAGERS, AND CALLS ON THE AUTHORITIES TO IMPLEMENT ACTIONS TO PREVENT, INVESTIGATE AND PUNISH THE CASES OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE

DGC/111/19

March 27, 2019



The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) participated on the Forum “Alarming Data about child sexual abuse in Mexico: new strategies to fight it”, organized by the Senate, in which the CNDH proposed 10 actions that the Mexican State ought to carry out to avoid it. It underlined that Mexican society must not remain silent before violence against girls, boys, and teenagers, and call on the authorities to adopt measures to prevent, investigate and punish cases of sexual violence, emphasizing that any norm that could justify or tolerate violations to human rights has to be eradicated.

The autonomous body affirmed that sexual violence is one of the most serious expressions of human rights violations of girls, boys, and teenagers because it affects the free development of their personality, and it provokes deep scars that eventually become in consequences like depression, posttraumatic stress, personality disorder, self-harm, social isolation, undesirable pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases and even drive them to end their lives.





http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Comunicados/2019/Com_2019_111.pdf



RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 4/2019 <i>March 6, 2019</i> http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Recomendaciones/2019/Rec_2019_004.pdf	<p>About the case of violations to the human rights to life, in detriment of V1, V2 and V3; to personal integrity and to legal safety, in detriment of V1, V2, V3, V4, V5 and V6, because of the arbitrary use of lethal force and the omission of adopting protection measures, attributable to members of the SEMAR, in Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas.</p>	<p>Ministry of the Navy</p> <p>SEMAR SECRETARÍA DE MARINA</p> 
Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 5/2019 <i>March 22, 2019</i> http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Recomendaciones/2019/Rec_2019_005.pdf	<p>About the case of violations to the human rights to health protection that resulted on the loss of life of V1 and to health information, in detriment of V2 and V3, in the psychiatric Hospital "Fray Bernardino Álvarez", of the Ministry of Federal Health, in Mexico City</p>	<p>Ministry of Health.</p> <p>SALUD SECRETARÍA DE SALUD</p> 
Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recomendación No. 6/2019 <i>March 22, 2019</i> http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Recomendaciones/2019/Rec_2019_006.pdf	<p>About the case of inadequate medical attention and the loss of life of V1, in the General Hospital zone number 57 "La Quebrada" of IMSS in the State of Mexico.</p>	<p>Mexican Social Security Institute</p> 


RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 7/2019 <i>March 22, 2019</i> http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Recomendaciones/2019/Rec_2019_007.pdf	<p>About the case of violations to the human rights to legal security, to legality and personal freedom, for the arbitrary detention and illegal retention of V1 and V2, to personal integrity for acts of torture committed in detriment of V1, attributable to members of the Federal Police, as well as violation to the right to access to justice in its modality of administration of justice committed in detriment of V1, attributable to personnel of the former Attorney General's Office.</p>	<p>Ministry of Public Safety and Protection, General Prosecutor's Office.</p> <div>    </div>
Recomendación	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 8/ 2019 <i>March 26, 2019</i> http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Recomendaciones/2019/Rec_2019_008.pdf	<p>About the case of human rights violations to the protection of health due to inadequate medical care and loss of life in aggravation of V1, elderly person, in the general hospital of zone 24 of the IMSS in Mexico City.</p>	<p>Mexican Social Security Institute.</p> 

RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
<p>Recomendación No. 9/2019 <i>March 26, 2019</i></p> <p>http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Recomendaciones/2019/Rec_2019_009.pdf</p>	<p>On violations of human rights to dignified treatment, legal security, integrity and personal security, in detriment of V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V9, V10, V11, V12, V13 and V14; to a dignify work in tort of V7, V8, V9, V10, V11, V12, V13 and V14; to the right of access to justice in detriment of V1, V2, V3, V4, V5 and V6; as well as the right to a life free of violence in violation of V1, V2, V10 and V13, in the events that occurred in Comitán de Domínguez, Chiapas</p>	<p>Government of Chiapas's State, General Attorney of the State of Chiapas, College of Bachilleres of Chiapas, Municipal Presidency of Comitán de Domínguez</p> <div>     </div>
Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
<p>Recommendation 10/2019 <i>March 29, 2019</i></p> <p>http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Recomendaciones/2019/Rec_2019_010.pdf</p>	<p>About the case of violations of human rights to the protection of health due to inadequate medical care and life in aggravation of V1, as well as to access to information on health matters in tort of V2, in the regional hospital of high specialty of the Yucatan peninsula of the Ministry of Health.</p>	<p>Ministry of Health</p> <div>   </div>

RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recomendación No. 11/2019 <i>March 29, 2019</i> http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Recomendaciones/2019/Rec_2019_011.pdf	On the case of the violation of the right to health protection due to the inadequate medical care of V1, an elderly person in the Rural Hospital IMSS-Prospera in Zongolica, Veracruz.	Mexican Social Security Institute. 

**General Recommendation
because of serious human
rights violations**
Recommendation 19VG/2019
March 29, 2019
http://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/all/doc/Recomendaciones/ViolacionesGraves/RecVG_019.pdf

Issue

About the case of serious violations to the human rights of freedom, to personal safety and legality for the inviolability of domicile, arbitrary detention and illegal retention of V1, as well as to personal integrity for acts of torture and sexual violence, attributable to public servants of the Federal Police, as well as of the right to access to justice in its modality of administration of justice.

Responsible Authority

Ministry of Public Safety and Protection, General Prosecutor's Office, Presidency of the Municipality of Iguala de la Independencia, Guerrero.



ARTICLE OF THE MONTH

The Court compels to criminalize racial hatred

The Supreme Court (SCJN) gave a year period to the Congress to criminalize as a crime the dissemination of ideas based on racial superiority or hatred, inciting to discrimination, execution of violent acts or provocation against any race or group of people of other color or ethnic origin.

The proposal of Justice Jorge Pardo, backed by his partners from the First Room, highlighted the failure of the Chamber of Representatives and the Senate, as well as the President of the Republic to consider racism as a crime. The federal penal code should have been aligned to Article 4 of the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, which commands the signing countries to criminalize as a crime these behaviors.

The federal legislation is not enough to have fulfilling the duties enshrined on paragraphs a) and b) of the convention, because it does not criminalize acts of dissemination of ideas based on racial superiority or hatred, incitement to racial discrimination, acts of violence or the incitement to commit such acts against any race or group of people of other color or ethnic origin, also the assistance to racist activities, included its financing.

<https://www.excelsior.com.mx/nacional/corte-ordena-tipificar-como-delito-el-odio-racial/1293546>

BOOK OF THE MONTH

Resistance of Negroes in the viceroyalty of Mexico (XVI-XVII Centuries)

TARDIEU, JEAN-PIERRE

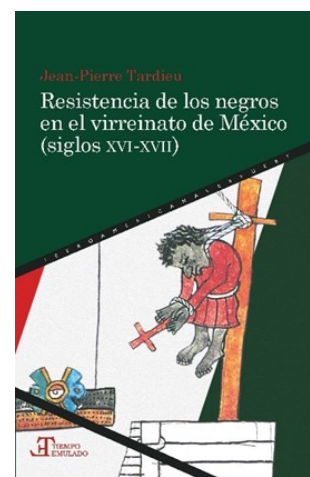
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LANGUAGE: CASTELLANO

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Although Mexico is considered a low afro-descendant presence country, in few provinces of the New World as in the New Spain some enslaved and freed Negroes personalities had the chance to express themselves like Juan Galindo. He was partner of the conqueror, Estebanico, one of the first discoverers of the north (part of the viceroyalty) and the current southern of the United States. In the list, we can also find Gaspar Yanga, alleged member of the royal family of Gabon and leader of a slave revolt in Veracruz that took place around 1570; not to mention of the rising started by the brotherhoods of Negroes and Mulattos in 1612, unparalleled in the Indies that instilled a deep collective psychosis in the Spanish.

<http://www.polifemo.com/libros/resistencia-de-los-negros-en-el-virreinato-de-mexico-siglos-xvi-xvii/209517/>



Newsletter

The CNDH
Defends and protects your rights

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Ismael Eslava Pérez

Second General Visitor

Enrique Guadarrama López

Third General Visitor

Ruth Villanueva Castilleja

Fourth General Visitor

María Eréndira Cruzvillegas Fuentes

Fifth General Visitor

Edgar Corzo Sosa

Sixth General Visitor

Jorge Ulises Carmona Tinoco

Executive Secretary

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