



Newsletter

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The Voice of the president

THE CNDH DEMANDS BIGGER AND BETTER INSTITUTIONAL EFFORTS TO ADDRESS THE MIGRATION PHENOMENON AND HUMAN TRAFFICKING; AND IT ALSO EXPRESSES ITS CONCERN FOR THE HARDENING OF IMMIGRATION POLICIES FROM THE UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

DGC/336/19

September 3, 2019

Luis Raúl González Pérez, President of the National Commission of Human Rights, at the inauguration of the Third Ibero-American Summit on Migration and Human Trafficking of the Ibero-American Federation of Ombudsmen (FIO), said that FIO has become a great space of dialogue and discussion of big regional topics that affect human rights, and is a strong sample of a regional alliance of partner institutions which promote real actions and measures for the respect of people's fundamental rights.

The national Ombudsperson proposed to FIO members to elaborate an action plan in the framework of the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration; and to establish or reinforce monitoring mechanisms on the implementation of such compact to anticipate the evolution of risk and threats that can unleash migration movements.

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) demanded authorities of three levels of government bigger and better institutional efforts of prevention and identification of the migration phenomenon and human trafficking. Many times, this kind of trafficking, also linked to undocumented migration, has different forms and modalities of exploitation, becoming an international scourge.

Both problems are so complexed that require constant discussion and analysis to find long-term solutions because becoming undocumented migration, no one must be defenseless, exposed to danger, harassment, and hostility from authorities. He also expressed his concern over the hardening of immigration policies from the governments of the United States and Mexico in our southern border.

He revealed that the 2018 migrants' caravans that traveled through our country caused a very delicate impact nationally and regionally with additional consequences like the rise of refugee applications and the return to Mexico of nearly 20,000 people from Central America by the government of the United States; those people are waiting for their application to be reviewed. Therefore, we are facing a complex situation in the northern border because it does not have a proper infrastructure to fully lodge and address economically and socially this increasing population. Besides, our country radically modified its migration policy by establishing containment mechanisms and suspending cards for humanitarian reasons for the migrants to remain legally.

He stressed that our country sponsored the "El Salvador-Guatemala-Honduras-Mexico Comprehensive Development Program", proposed by CEPAL to regulate migratory flows. However, it is not operational yet. On the other hand, he explained that a bigger containment promotes migrants to search for new roads to evade filters and obstacles putting themselves on bigger risk and danger.

On the inauguration of the Third Ibero-American Summit on Migration and Human Trafficking, González Pérez also highlighted that migration is not a problem of a certain region or country. It represents a serious problem for the recognition, respect, and defense of human rights because it implies duties, needs and interest of those who are forced to leave their countries of origin searching for better conditions of development and life; many times, preserving life results on losing everything else.

The Voice of the president

So, he underlined that the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration is an important cooperation framework. Consequently, the Network of Migrants and Human Trafficking from FIO takes it as an example to include its content into the daily activities of National Human Rights Institutions (NHRIs) to offer an action plan to establish or reinforce monitoring mechanisms and to be able to anticipate the evolution of risk and threats that might unleash migration movements. Also, to strengthen early alert systems, to put into place proceedings and tools for emergency cases, all this in close cooperation with other States, local and national authorities, NHRIs, and civil society.

He announced that to strengthen the respect of human rights of Mexicans in the United States, the CNDH will launch the “Campaign of Double Nationality”, with the slogan “Have you told them already?”, for them to know what benefits they might have if they get the American citizenship. The CNDH will also organize the “Course-Workshop on Human Rights on Repatriation”, which will show the strategies and actions that the various instances of government encourage to guarantee the reintegration of migrants and their families when returning to their countries. Regarding the dignity of migrants who travel through our country and sometimes are detained, the CNDH will present the Study and Special Report about Migratory Stations in Mexico, which will put forward the reality in those facilities from the review carried out on them.

The President of the CNDH confirmed his concern over the fact that Mexico could be a “Safe Third Country”, what contravenes international principles. He expressed his recognition to the Senate for being against any reform that could allow that condition. At the event, he was joined by Edgar Corzo Sosa, Fifth General Visitor, and Consuelo Olvera Treviño, Executive Secretary.

After reminding the persistence of the American government to build a wall at the border, the raids in Mississippi, the new rules that hinder getting the “Green Card”, and the recent violence in El Paso, Texas, from hate and xenophobia speech, he emphasized that there is no space for indifference. So, the best guarantee for assure these acts to not happen again is to raise voice and to add efforts to prevent them. He said that the summit’s work will allow to make arguments and results from a human rights view.

He thanked the support from the Governing Council of FIO by reaffirming the importance of the NHRIs and recognizing the work of the CNDH. He underscored that NHRIs are patrimony of society, and their constitutional responsibility goes beyond any political context; their only destiny is to protect human dignity and the vigilance of the respect of human rights. He noted that at no time there has been any motivation to hurt institutions, damage public servants or get political profit. The essence of the NHRIs is to be next to the victims, and to point out and recommend when authorities have committed actions or omissions that could lead to human rights violations.

González Pérez reminded that the CNDH, an autonomous and independent institution, is part of a non-jurisdictional system of protection of human rights that contributes with the duty of authorities to promote, respect, protect, and guarantee human rights. The defense of those rights does not depend on political preference, ideology or affiliation, neither to any kind of interest.

Maximiliano Reyes Zúñiga, Undersecretary for Latin America of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, said that the federal government is committed to addressing migration. That is why, in December 2018, a covenant was signed with the governments of Honduras, Guatemala and El Salvador to face migration from a different model. Iris Miriam Ruiz Class, President of FIO, noted that in this reunion the exchange of experiences will facilitate feasible and realistic actions to defend human rights. The result of this effort will be helpful for the understanding and consensus for better practices to protect groups from human trafficking.

The voice of the president

Jan Jarab, Representative in Mexico of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, said that in many countries, migration is addressed as a matter of national security with containment policies which encourage migrants to choose more dangerous roads; that is the reason why they must not be seen as statistics or policy objects but as rights holders. Later, Mark Manly Representative in Mexico of UNHCR, noted that the 2018 annual report of that international agency revealed the existence of 70 million displaced people from their homes worldwide due to conflict, persecution and different massive human rights violations, what shows bad prevention policies. Regionally, we have learned the displacement of 350,000 people to neighbor countries like Mexico and the United States; therefore, a quick answer is required from countries to address that phenomenon in solidarity.

Christopher Gascón, Representative in Mexico of the International Organization for Migration explained that migrants are highly vulnerable because of human trafficking, not knowing the language and their rights. Data from the CNDH show that in México during the period 2012-2017, 5,245 victims of that crime were identified; of that 84% were Mexicans and 16% foreigners. Such victims could leave behind that situation because at some point they had contact with the authorities. However, there are still a great number of people being exploited.

Next, Luis Ernesto Vargas Silva, Rapporteur on the Rights of Migrants from the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, highlighted that in a recent visit from San Diego to Nuevo Laredo in the United States, the IACHR witnessed the indescribable pain of human trafficking victims in the retention centers and in jails where judges pretend to enforce the law. He said that in the “freezers”, men and women are assaulted. They have no guarantee of their sexual rights, and he anticipated that they would ask the Mexican government permission to visit the facilities of the National Migration Institute.

This summit will also be a frame for the adoption by the members of FIO of key documents over migration and human trafficking like the “Action Plan to Implement the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration”, “Minimal Standards of Attention to Persons on the Move”, “Human Rights Institutions in the Organization of American States”, “Detection Protocol on Cases of Human Trafficking in Commercial Airlines”, “Attention Actions for Venezuelan Migrants”, “Migration extra-continental”, among others. With these documents, such topics can be addressed in a coordinated, standardized way and with a maximum approach to protecting human rights.



Event of the month

DGC/343/19

PUBLIC HUMAN RIGHTS BODIES FROM MEXICO AND ARGENTINA AGREE TO CREATE A STRATEGIC ALLIANCE TO WORK ON ISSUES OF TORTURE, CHILDHOOD, MIGRATION AND THE 2030 AGENDA IN THE REGION

September 7, 2019

The public human rights bodies of Mexico and Argentina will create a strategic alliance to defend, promote and protect human rights and topics like torture, childhood, migration and fulfillment of the goals and targets of the 2030 Agenda. The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH), the Mexican Federation of Public Human Rights Bodies of Mexico (FMOPDH) and the Association of Defenders of the People of the Republic of Argentina (ADPRA) will join efforts on specific actions in the region.

The “Binational Encounter of Public Human Rights Bodies Argentina-Mexico”, had the participation of the Ambassador from Argentina, Ezequiel Sabor, the National Ombudsperson, the 32 State Ombudsman, and the 40 defenders from Argentina’s provinces. In the event, the participants created a roadmap with their income and the interactive dialogue carried out on four discussion sessions according to fundamental needs such as: defending and promoting economic, social, cultural and environmental rights (ESCER); encouraging migration policies with a human rights approach; challenges to strengthening the fulfillment of the human rights of girls, boys and teenagers; and proposing prevention policies on torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment.

The encounter took place in Mexico City and it was spearheaded by Luis Raúl González Pérez, National Ombudsperson; Alejandro Amor, Defender of the People of the Autonomous City of Buenos Aires (CABA), and President of the Association of Defenders of the People of the Republic of Argentina (ADPRA); Namiko Matsumoto Benítez, President of the State Commission of Human Rights of Veracruz and President of the FMOPDH. They agreed on the need of raising awareness, informing, and training authorities in charge of implementing ESCER; to create a governing system of management and follow-up of such rights; to put into place a “specialized General Visitor” for that follow-up; and finally, to set up a national observatory for the ESCER.



THE CNDH RECOMMENDS TO ITS COUNTERPARTS FROM IBERO-AMERICA TO KEEP A CLOSE RELATION WITH THE INTER-AMERICAN SYSTEM OF HUMAN RIGHTS TO ADDRESS MIGRATION AND FIGHT AGAINST HUMAN TRAFFICKING

DGC/338/19

September 4, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) proposed to other national and local Ombudsmen to keep a close relation and dialogue with the Inter-American system of human rights, which will allow new ways of cooperation and analysis on how to prevent and eradicate human trafficking. Luis Raúl González Pérez, national Ombudsperson, said that this phenomenon ought to be faced with an action plan in the framework of the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration.

During the Third Ibero-American Summit on Migration and Human Trafficking of the Ibero-American Federation of Ombudsmen (FIO), Edgar Corzo Sosa, Fifth General Visitor, said that the CNDH keeps communication and continued consultations with the Inter-American Court of Human Rights and the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR), because these actions complete our legal framework. Consequently, the Inter-American standards helps our laws so much, for example, on the topic of human trafficking and disappearances. He reminded what González Pérez said about the complexity of migration and human trafficking; so, these problems require long-term solutions. Also, he mentioned the concern on the hardening of the migration policies in the United States at the northern border, and in Mexico at the southern border.

At the session "Human Rights Institutions on the Inter-American System", Corzo Sosa underlined that the national commission started this exchange when the number of cases of separation of migrant families increased. That is why, the CNDH asked precautionary measures in favor of parents from Ecuador, Honduras, Guatemala, and El Salvador, whose children were separated from them. He underscored that the "amicus curiae" has been a tool used so far along with a risk analysis and assessment, which was asked by the IACHR in some cases, because, after the precautionary measures were put into place, countries wish to lift such measures. Therefore, countries have to carry out a risk assessment.



<https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/COMUNICADO338-2019.pdf>

THE CNDH WARNS OVER THE RISK THAT 13 MILLION INDIGENOUS WOMEN FACE, WHOSE RIGHTS ARE CONSTANTLY VIOLATED. THE CNDH CALLS ON AUTHORITIES TO REVIEW THE UNFINISHED AGENDA TO ERADICATE DISCRIMINATION AND VIOLENCE AGAINST THEM

DGC/339/19

September 5, 2019



The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) expresses its concern over the 13 million indigenous women who are victims of racial discrimination because of ethnic, gender, language, religion and other reasons. They are not considered in the planning and execution of legislative policies, projects, and reforms that might affect them. Therefore, their rights are constantly violated.

According to the 2018 follow-up study of normative harmonization of human rights "Rights of Indigenous Persons, Peoples, and Communities" from the CNDH, more than 25 million indigenous people, most of them women, are not able to fully exercise their fundamental rights. While legislative harmonization between Mexican norms on rights of indigenous persons, peoples, and communities and international criteria reaches 55.71% at the federal level, state harmonization reaches 62.68%. The right

to respect the integrity of indigenous peoples and communities reached 54%; the right to non-discrimination got 69%, and the right to participation of indigenous peoples reached 70%.

The rights of indigenous peoples and communities to be consulted; to decide their priorities; to free determination and autonomy; recognition and protection of rights and values; to gender equality and the right of indigenous girls and women to be appreciated and educated free of patterns, behavior stereotypes, and social and cultural practices based on inferiority or subordination concepts, all of this, reached 60%.

<https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/339-2019.pdf>

THE CNDH AND THE OMBUDSMAN FROM ARGENTINA WARN OVER ATTACKS AND DISQUALIFICATIONS WORLDWIDE TO WEAKENING HUMAN RIGHTS INSTITUTIONS, WHICH WORK ON A CONSTITUTIONAL MANDATE AND ARE A COUNTERWEIGHT AMID BRANCHES



DGC/340/19

September 5, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) warned and expressed its concern for the attacks and disqualifications of the job of human rights institutions in the world. These attacks are aimed to weaken their authority and undermine their capabilities; such institutions are important for the rule of law and democracy, and do their job based on constitutional mandate and guarantee the balance between State branches and democratic coexistence.

Regarding the risk of unilateral decisions meaning a setback, it is important to emphasize the relevance of the autonomy of human rights institutions, like the National Commission of Human Rights of Mexico and the Defender of the People of the Autonomous City of Buenos

Aires of Argentina, as well as state commissions and province defenders of both countries,

Luis Raúl González Pérez, national Ombudsperson, also underlined that these systems are part of the backbone of protecting human rights in such countries, because they defend legality against intolerance or any authoritarian attempt. So, it is essential that reason prevails, and to fully understand what are the responsibilities of these institutions and their sphere of action; that is why, authorities ought to assume their responsibility to protect and make possible human rights.

At the “Binational Encounter of Public Human Rights Bodies Argentina-Mexico; Traces of a Road”, González Pérez was joined by Namiko Matsumoto Benítez, President of the State Commission of Human Rights of Veracruz and President of the Mexican Federation of Public Human Rights Bodies.

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Com_2019_340.pdf

THE CNDH ISSUES RECOMMENDATION TO SEMAR FOR THE EXCESSIVE USE OF LETHAL FORCE THAT CAUSED THE DEATH OF A MINOR; AND TO THE GENERAL PROSECUTOR OF GUERRERO, FOR THE LACK OF ACCESS TO JUSTICE IN DETRIMENT OF THE VICTIM'S FAMILY

DGC/342/19

September 6, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) issued Recommendation 57/2019 to José Rafael Ojeda Durán, Head of the SEMAR, and to Jorge Zuriel de los Santos Barrila, General Prosecutor of the State of Guerrero; First, for the excessive use of lethal force that resulted in the death of a 12-year-old child, in the city “El Aguacate”, Municipality of “la Unión”, in the State of Guerrero. The actions are attributed to members of the Ministry of the Navy (SEMAR), and for the lack of access to justice in detriment of indirect victims, attributed to an agent of the public ministry of that state.

This national body proved violations to legal safety and to the superior interest of the child, as well as to the inadequate administration of justice, and to truth after investigating what happened on April 8, 2016, when two kids went to turn off a watering pump in victim's father's garden; Suddenly, they saw a vehicle with armed men which were being chased by another one with six SEMAR members in. The people from the first car got down and ran towards the kids, SEMAR members did the same and shot at the alleged criminals, killing, in the crossfire, the minor.



<https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/COMUNICADO-342-2019.pdf>

THE CNDH DEPLORES THE LACK OF WILL FROM AUTHORITIES, ESPECIALLY FROM THE STATES, TO ADDRESS CLAIMS OF VICTIMS; AND ALSO ASKS FOR ACCESS TO TRUTH, JUSTICE, REPARATION, AND GUARANTEE OF NON-REPETITION

DGC/348/19

September 10, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) regrets the lack of will from authorities, especially from the states, who have not put into place their Local Commission for Attention to Victims. Such States are Aguascalientes, Baja California, Chiapas, Guanajuato, Hidalgo, Oaxaca, Puebla, and y Sonora. The State of Campeche has an Institute of Access to Justice for the Attention to Victims. While the States that have not put into place their Local Search Commission are: Aguascalientes, Baja California Sur, Chiapas, Guanajuato, and Sonora. Moreover, the State of Quintana Roo has issued a decree to create such commission but it is not in place yet. This kind of commissions look to address claims of victims and society to get access to truth, justice, reparation, and the guarantee of non-repetition for all cases, so peace and trust in institutions can be regained.



The CNDH noted that the omission to answer those claims shows indifference to the suffering and pain of victims and their families. The real validity of human rights requires their compliance, protection, and law enforcement; so, institutions ought to ensure that victims get attention as a vulnerable group; put them in the center of the discussion, ensure their participation and technical representation. Besides, to set a compensatory compensation that covers moral and material damage; to underline the rights that authorities must protect; to investigate the facts, and if necessary, to prosecute those responsible; to issue rulings of non-repetition, satisfaction, and rehabilitation, and to verify that the States' institutions comply their duties.

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Com_2019_348.pdf

THE CNDH HIGHLIGHTS BEFORE INTERNATIONAL BODIES AND OMBUDSMAN OF THE REGION THAT BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY OF RESPECTING HUMAN RIGHTS MUST GO BEYOND THEIR SOCIAL COMMITMENT AND GOOD WILL

DGC/351/19

September 14, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) stressed the importance of making policies and legislation to consolidate entrepreneurial culture to respect human rights. The CNDH also proposed that procurement –whether on a State demand or concessions, permit, authorization to enterprises, and when public financing is present – a clause is added to respect human rights to ensure security on their fulfillment; otherwise, responsibility could be pointed out.

Enrique Guadarrama López, Second General Visitor of the CNDH said it at participating in the “Fourth Regional Consult on Enterprises and Human Rights for Latin America and the Caribbean” in Santiago, Chile. He presented General Recommendation 37/2019 “About the Respect and Compliance of Human Rights in Enterprises ‘Activities’”, which is the roadmap to guide the work of enterprises to fulfill the 2030 Agenda and the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) to favor recognition, defense, and promotion of fundamental rights. Thus, the recommendation is an impulse and commitment for enterprises to identify whether their social, economic, and environmental impact benefits society or not; and to fulfill it to strengthen their reputation and their relation with society.



https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Com_2019_351.pdf

THE CNDH REGRETS THE RELEASE OF SOME ACCUSED ON THE IGUALA CASE AND REAFFIRMS THE URGENCY OF STRENGTHENING AND REDIRECTING THE CRIMINAL PROCESS WITH THE CONTENT OF RECOMMENDATION 15VG/2018, TO PREVENT MORE LIBERATIONS AND TO ARREST AGAIN THOSE RELEASED



DGC/354/19

September 17, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) regrets the recent release of 24 people in the "Iguala Case", and reaffirms the need that the criminal process is strengthened based on proof and that new apprehensions are carried out more solidly. The entire elements and information detailed on Recommendation 15VG/2018, and not yet reviewed, must be considered.

The risk that inconsistencies and errors in the inquiry and the criminal process could lead to the liberation of those responsible, was stressed by this national body in July 2015 and ratified on the recommendation of gross violations issued in November 2018. Therefore, the General Prosecutor's Office has to fix that situation, strengthening, redirecting, and starting a new criminal process that would allow arresting again those responsible.

The fact that some of the proof on the file was ruled as invalid because it was obtained unduly during the inquiry, does not nullify the other evidence, information, and conviction elements the authorities have. All of this has to be explained and defended in the process. Similarly, even when new inquiries will be carried out, that does not mean to put aside the elements and results of the previous ones or discard the process initiated based on such elements.

<https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/COMUNICADO-354-2019.pdf>

THE CNDH AFFIRMS THAT IS NOT ENOUGH TO HAVE NORMATIVE AUTONOMY BUT TO FULLY EXERCISE IT, AND TO PUT IT INTO PRACTICE ACCORDING TO ITS ATTRIBUTIONS

DGC/355/19

September 17, 2019

Luis Raúl González Pérez, President of the National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) affirmed that the Ombudsman not only has to have normative autonomy but the challenge is to fully exercise it and to put it into practice according to its attributions. Thus, the goal is to solve cases based on proof, disregard any political, economic, and social pressure so the truth can be based on a solid investigation and recommendations can be firm and solid.

He underscored that when defending people's dignity there are no opponents. What identifies us and makes us equal as human beings, is human dignity, and this is what we defend. We are trying to make governments, no matter their political ideology, to put people in the center of their attention; but when we see a bump in the government's highway that can become a sinkhole that can hurt people, we warn and ask to fill it up so there are no possible victims whatsoever.

González Pérez, also highlighted that when trying to weakening institutions by not addressing and accepting their recommendations, the institution itself gets hurt, but victims get even more hurt. One day, bruising will go away from me but wounds on people may never disappear, he said.

At the Forum "Origin and Evolution of National Human Rights Institutions: The Case of Spain and Mexico, and a Tribute to Jorge Carpizo McGregor, Founder and Former President of the CNDH", Luis Raúl González said that the Ombudsman works with all levels of government and noted that his strength lays on his freedom of speech.



https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Com_2019_355.pdf

THE CNDH JOINS THE NELSON MANDELA EXTRAORDINARY LECTURE FROM UNAM TO PROMOTE HUMAN RIGHTS THROUGH ARTISTIC ACTIVITIES

DGC/358/19

September 19, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) joined the Nelson Mandela Extraordinary Lecture from UNAM. The lecture will help encouraging topics like equality, peace, truth, and remake of social tissue. Consequently, a collaboration specific agreement was signed between both institutions.

This agreement is very important for the CNDH because UNAM is a natural ally of this national body on the consolidation of a culture of respect of human rights through artistic and cultural activities, as well as the teaching of Nelson Mandela's legacy.



"To advance on the construction of a country capable of overcoming different problems is necessary to retake the University's principles of tolerance, justice, and democracy. These principles also encourage the CNDH's work", Luis Raúl González Pérez, National Ombudsperson said.

At the signing of the agreement, he highlighted the conscience of social vision of the Nelson Mandela Lecture. He stressed that art contributes to making possible the common desire of many people of fighting any form of discrimination and to give a well-deserved recognition to those who have fought for that cause.

The signing was witnessed on the side of the CNDH by Ismael Eslava Pérez, First General Visitor; Enrique Guadarrama López, Second General Visitor; Edgar Corzo Sosa, Fifth General Visitor; Jorge Ulises Carmona Tinoco, Sixth General Visitor; Rubén Francisco Pérez Sánchez, General Coordinator of Follow-Up of Recommendations and Legal Affairs; María Elisa Celis Barragán, General Director of Education on Human Rights, and Guillermo Silva Aguilar, Adviser of the president. On the side of UNAM, Ana Elsa Pérez Martínez, Technical Secretary of Connection of the Coordination of Cultural Dissemination of UNAM, and Alejandro León, Head of the Department of Collegial Bodies of such coordination.

<https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/COMUNICADO-358-2019.pdf>

THE NATIONAL OMBUDSPERSON AFFIRMS THAT INVALIDITY OF PROOF OR INFORMATION OBTAINED BY TORTURE DOES NOT IMPLY THAT THE REST OF VALID AND LEGAL PROOF HAVE TO BE CAST OFF

DGC/360/19

September 20, 2019



Luis Raúl González Pérez, national Ombudsperson, affirmed that proof obtained by torture cannot be considered valid under any circumstance. However, if someone was tortured by authorities, it is not a reason to cast off or exempt from the crimes committed by that person, if other proof not contaminated by torture is presented. Within an inquiry, if proof or information is obtained by torture, and ruled invalid, that does not mean that other valid proof should be cast off.

He said that every act of torture ought to be investigated and prosecuted. Also, he explained that in our country a very serious case is the one regarding the disappearance of 43 teaching students of Ayotzinapa, in which, the consequences of an inquiry contaminated by torture, cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment, are visible; because of this, victims do not get justice and the alleged responsible get back to the streets due to the insufficiency coming from the nullity of conviction elements obtained by torture.

<https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/COM-360-2019-2.pdf>

STATEMENT OF THE ADVISORY COUNCIL OF THE NATIONAL COMMISSION OF HUMAN RIGHTS FOR THE DENIAL FROM THE PERMANENT COMMISSION OF CONGRESS TO SUBPOENA DIFFERENT AUTHORITIES INCLUDED ON RECOMMENDATION 29/2019, REGARDING THE DAY CARE FACILITIES PROGRAM



Comisión Nacional de los Derechos Humanos
Dirección General de Comunicación

Ciudad de México, a 22 de septiembre de 2019
Comunicado de Prensa DGC/362/19

Posicionamiento del Consejo Consultivo de la Comisión Nacional de los Derechos Humanos ante la negativa de la Comisión Permanente del Congreso de la Unión para citar a comparecer a las distintas autoridades señaladas como responsables en la Recomendación 29/2019, relativa al programa de estancias infantiles

Ante la determinación tomada por la Comisión Permanente del Congreso de la Unión, en el sentido de no citar a comparecer ante dicho Senería a las y los titulares de las Secretarías de Bienestar, de Hacienda y Crédito Público, de la Comisión Nacional de Mejora Regulatoria, y del Sistema Nacional para el Desarrollo Integral de la Familia, señores públicos que se negaron a aceptar y a dar cumplimiento a la Recomendación 29/2019, relativa a la cancelación del programa de estancias infantiles, el Consejo Consultivo de la Comisión Nacional de los Derechos Humanos (CNDH) señala lo siguiente:

1. Este Consejo Consultivo expresa su más profunda preocupación por la determinación tomada y lamenta que, dejando de lado argumentos y razones sustantivas, así como la necesaria e ineludible defensa de los derechos humanos de las niñas y niños, al igual que de las madres y padres trabajadores, el voto de los grupos parlamentarios mayoritarios haya hecho nugatoria la aplicación efectiva del segundo párrafo, del apartado B, del artículo 102 Constitucional, repondiendo el ejercicio de un recurso jurídico establecido en favor de las víctimas ante la negativa de las autoridades a resarir y respetar los derechos que les han sido violados.

2. La comparecencia de las autoridades ante el Senado de la República habría permitido que, en un ejercicio democrático de transparencia y rendición de cuentas, se hubieran expuesto y detallado públicamente, con base en información concreta y verificable, las razones y fundamentos que tuvieron las autoridades para negarse a aceptar la Recomendación 29/2019, con independencia de sesgos o intereses políticos o ideológicos, permitiendo a las víctimas y a la sociedad conocer de primera mano tales argumentos.

3. Esta instancia colegiada, reitera la necesidad de que cualquier irregularidad o ilícito que se hubiese cometido en la operación del Programa de Estancias Infantiles sea investigado y sancionado, sin que ello justifique o motive que el Estado Mexicano deje de cumplir con la obligación que tiene de adoptar las medidas necesarias para que los derechos de las niñas y niños, así como de las madres y padres trabajadores, puedan ser vigentes, lo cual en este caso implica el acceso a servicios y cuidados profesionales que difícilmente pueden reemplazarse con la entrega de apoyos económicos.

4. Este Consejo Consultivo hace un respetuoso llamado a las y los legisladores federales para que, tomando en consideración el interés superior de la niñez, así como la defensa de los derechos de las mujeres y de los trabajadores en general, se propongan las adecuaciones normativas para garantizar la calidad, pertinencia y gradualidad de la atención y cuidados a la primera infancia, así como para propiciar que las madres y padres trabajadores, cuenten con opciones reales que les den la oportunidad de continuar con su desarrollo profesional con la certeza de que sus hijos o hijas se encuentran debidamente atendidos mientras trabajan.

Profilaxis Sur 3840, Col. San Jerónimo Lícher,
Ciudad de México, C.F. 06700, Ciudad de México,
Tel: 55 56451231 o 55 56451232
www.cndh.mx

DGC/362/19

September 22, 2019

Because of the decision from the Permanent Commission of Congress to not subpoena the heads of the ministries of Welfare, of Finance and Public Credit, National Commission of Regulation Betterment, National System for Integral Family Development, who refused to accept Recommendation 29/2019, about the cancellation of the day care facilities, the Advisory Council of the National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) states the following:

This Advisory Council expresses its deepest concern for such decision and regrets that putting aside arguments and reasons, as well as the necessary defense of the human rights of girls, boys, mothers, and working parents, the vote of the majority in the Senate stopped the enforcement of second paragraph, Section B, of article 102 of the Constitution, making impossible the exercise of a legal resource to favor victims because of the denial of authorities to remedy and respect their human rights.

<https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/COMUNICADO-362-2019.pdf>

THE CNDH WARNS OVER THE LACK OF IDENTIFICATION AND DETECTION BY AUTHORITIES OF NEW AND VIOLENT FORMS OF MISLEADING AND SUBJUGATION REGARDING HUMAN TRAFFICKING WHICH ARE ON THE RISE

DGC/364/19

September 23, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) warns over the lack of identification and detection by authorities on human trafficking and various forms of exploitation; despite Mexico has ratified international instruments about it; and also, a legal framework that makes authorities of three levels of government to put forward a complete policy whose main goal has to be the restitution of the rights of the victims from this crime. What confirms that it is not enough to have better legislation but to make possible its content and people can feel it in their daily life.

Globally, countries detect and report more victims and sentence more offenders. However, the number of people in slavery and exploitation does not reduce itself but it increases; meanwhile, modalities and forms of misleading and subjugation become more complex and violent, what means that the repressive measures from States have not been the main solution. So, It is urgent to promoting the need of addressing human trafficking on its dimension of human rights violation, what implies to identify all forms of violations in the cycle of human trafficking and the different modalities of exploitation; as well as the duty from States according to international Law.



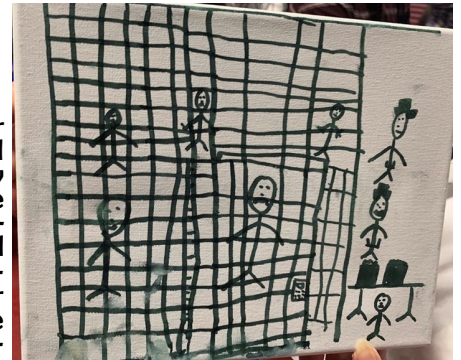
https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-08/Com_2019_317.pdf

THE CNDH EXPRESSES BEFORE THE IACHR THAT IN MEXICO REMAINS THE LACK OF PROTECTION AND ATTENTION TO MIGRANT KIDS AND TEENAGERS, AND WARNS THAT THIS WILL BE A RECORD YEAR ON DETENTION OF CHILD MIGRANTS

DGC/370/19

September 27, 2019

The National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) noted before the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR) the situation of child migrants who enter the United States. Because of this situation, family separation continues to happen. Besides, it is important to highlight the recent changes in the Flores Agreement, which eliminates the 20-day period of detention of migrant girls, boys, and teenagers. These behaviors and mechanisms, thought as migration deterrent, applied to vulnerable people like unaccompanied girls, boys, and teenagers who travel through our country, contravenes universal declarations and principles concerning the respect of fundamental rights. Therefore, it is clear that there is a degradation of the rights of minor migrants.



For the CNDH, it is a matter of concern that migrant girls, boys, and teenagers, sometimes unaccompanied, who travel through México, are kept in migratory facilities. So, it is necessary to provide alternatives having in mind that detention is the last measure to consider.

The CNDH warned that this will be a record year regarding the detention of girls, boys, and teenagers. As of July, 38,581 kids arrived in Mexico, which represents 21% more than last year; 8,744 of them came alone; thus, it is estimated that this number will be larger than the one of detentions of the last five years.

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Com_2019_370.pdf

THE CNDH EXPRESSES BEFORE THE IACHR ITS CONCERN FOR THE LIBERATION OF THE ACCUSED IN THE "IGUALA CASE", AND UNDERSCORES THE URGENCY OF STRENGTHENING AND REDIRECTING THE CRIME PROCESS FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATION 15VG/2018, TO PREVENT THOSE RESPONSIBLE TO BE FREED AND THOSE ALREADY IN FREEDOM TO BE DETAINED AGAIN.



DGC/373/19

Washington, D. C., September 30, 2019

Luis Raúl González Pérez, national Ombudsperson, expressed before the President and the Executive Secretary of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR) Esmeralda Arosemena de Troitiño and Paulo Abrao, respectively, the concern of the National Commission of Human Rights (CNDH) for the recent release of 25 people in the "Iguala Case", and reaffirm the conviction of this national body that the legal process is strengthen based on proof and information, and that the new indictments are carried out solidly according to Recommendation 15VG/2018, which has not been considered yet.

On the frame of the 173 Period of Sessions of the IACHR that is taking place in Washington, D.C., González Pérez warned about the risk that inconsistencies and errors in the inquiry and criminal process could lead to the liberation of those responsible, as this national body stressed it in July 2015, and was shown in the recommendation for gross violations to human rights in November 2018. He underlined that the General Prosecutor's Office ought to act urgently to fix such situation strengthening, redirecting, and starting a new criminal process that would allow arresting again those responsible.

At the presentation of Recommendation 15VG/2018 to the highest authorities of the IACHR, the President of the CNDH mentioned that despite the fact that some of the proof on the file was ruled as invalid because it was obtained unduly during the inquiry, does not nullify the other evidence, information, and conviction elements the authorities have. This has to be pointed out and defended within the process. Likewise, the decision of carrying out new inquiries does not mean to put aside the elements and results previously obtained or discard the process initiated based on them. In this event, he was joined by Consuelo Olvera Treviño, Executive Secretary and José Trinidad Larrieta Carrasco Special General Visitor for the Iguala Case.

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/COM_2019_373.pdf

RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation

Recommendation No. 58/2019*05 de septiembre de 2019*

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec-2019-58_0.pdf

Issue

About the deficiencies that violate the human rights of women deprived of freedom in the Federal Center of Social Readaptation (CERESO) of Colima

Responsible Authority

Governor of the State of Colima.



Recommendation

Recommendation No. 59/2019*September 11, 2019*

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/REC_2019_59.pdf

Issue

On the appeal submitted by the non-acceptance of the recommendation of the State Human Rights Commission of Veracruz, for violations of the human right to property to the detriment of R, indigenous elderly person committed by personnel of the City of Mixtla of Altamirano, Veracruz.

Responsible Authority

City Council President Mixtla Altamirano, Veracruz



Recommendation

Recommendation No. 60/2019*September 11, 2019*

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/rec_2019_60.pdf

Issue



About the deficiencies that violate the human rights of women deprived of freedom in penitentiary centers of the State of Tamaulipas.



Responsible Authority




Governor of the State of Tamaulipas.



RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 61/2019 September 11, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec_2019_61.pdf	About the deficiencies that violate the human rights of women deprived of freedom in penitentiary centers of the State of Durango.	Governor of the State of Durango.
		 





Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 62/2019 September 11, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec-2019-62_0.pdf	About the deficiencies that violate the human rights of women deprived of freedom in the penitentiary Centers of the State of Baja California Sur.	Governor of the State of Baja California Sur.
		 

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 63/2019 September 12, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec-2019-63.pdf	About the case of violation to the right to personal integrity for acts of torture and sexual violence, to access to justice in its modality of administration of justice, to privacy, and to the right of women to a life free of violence, in detriment of human rights defender V, in the State of Guerrero.	General Prosecutor of the State of Guerrero and Municipal President of Tlapa de Comonfort.
		  

RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 64/2019 September 13, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec_2019_64.pdf	On the case of violations of human rights to protection of health and life of V1, at the Family Medicine Unit 76 and the General Hospital of Zona 11, both the Mexican Social Security Institute in Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas.	General Director of the Mexican Social Security Institute. 
Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 65/2019 September 18, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec-2019-65_0.pdf	On the case of violations of human rights to health protection, access to information on health and truth, to the detriment of V1, in the general hospital area number 4 of the IMSS in Celaya, Guanajuato	General Director of the Mexican Social Security Institute. 
Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 66/2019 20 de septiembre de 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/REC_2019-66.pdf	About the case of obstetric violence due to violations to the human rights to health protection and personal integrity of V, in the General Hospital zone 14 of the Mexican Social Security Institute in Hermosillo, Sonora.	General Director of the Mexican Social Security Institute. 

RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 67/2019 September 20, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/REC_2019_067.pdf	On the appeal of R, against the Agreement Conclusion and inadequate compliance with the Recommendation issued by the State Commission of Human Rights of Sonora.	Constitutional Government of the State of Sonora, President of the State Commission for Human Rights Sonora.  Gobierno del Estado de Sonora 
Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 68/2019 September 23, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/REC_2019_68.pdf	About the deficiencies that violate the human rights of women deprived of freedom in the penitentiary Centers of the State of Puebla.	Government of the State of Puebla. 
Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 69/2019 September 23, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/documento/recomendacion-692019	About the deficiencies that violate the human rights of women deprived of freedom in the penitentiary Centers of the State of Guerrero.	Government of the State of Guerrero. 

RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 70/2019 <i>September 23, 2019</i>	About the deficiencies that violate the human rights of women deprived of freedom in the penitentiary Centers of the State of Campeche.	Government of the State of Campeche.

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec_2019_70.pdf



Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 71/2019 <i>September 23, 2019</i>	About the case of violations to the human rights to personal integrity and to the superior interest of the child in detriment of indigenous communities of the Municipality of Aldama, Chiapas; as well as the loss of life of V3.	Governor of the State of Chiapas

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/REC_2019_071.pdf






GOBIERNO DEL
ESTADO DE CHIAPAS

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 72/2019 <i>September 24, 2019</i>	About the case of violations to the human rights of QV and elder people for the lack of accessibility and mobility on national and international airlines for the non-implementation of preferential rates, discounts or exemptions.	Ministry of Communications and Transportation and Federal Prosecutor for the Consumer.

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/REC_2019_72.pdf



RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 73/2019 <i>September 25, 2019</i> https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/REc_2019_73.pdf	About the deficiencies that violate the human rights of women deprived of freedom in the penitentiary Centers of the State of San Luis Potosí.	Government of the State of San Luis Potosí.  SAN LUIS POTOSÍ PROSPEREMOS JUNTOS Gobierno del Estado 2015-2021
Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 74/2019 <i>September 25, 2019</i> https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec_2019_74.pdf	About the deficiencies that violate the human rights of women deprived of freedom in the penitentiary Centers of the State of Michoacán.	Government of the State of Michoacán  Gobierno de MICHOCÁN
Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 75/2019 <i>September 23, 2019</i> https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/REC_2019_075.pdf	About the case of violations to the human rights to possession, legality, and legal safety in detriment of tzetzal indigenous people, owners of the national land Emiliano Zapata II, Municipality Marqués de Comillas; and of V42 and V43, elder people who own the national lands "San José", Municipality La Libertad and "Santa María", Municipality of Palenque, Chiapas.	Ministry for Agrarian, Land and Urban Development. 

RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation

Recommendation No. 76/2019
September 25, 2019

<https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec-2019-76.pdf>

Issue

About the complaint appeal filed by R for the delay and inactivity from the Commission of Human Rights of Mexico City.

Responsible Authority

President of the Commission of Human Rights of Mexico City.



Recommendation

Recommendation No. 77/2019
September 25, 2019

<https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec-2019-77.pdf>

Issue

About the case of violations to the human rights to life, to health protection, to legal safety, and to the principle of superior interest of the child in detriment of V1, a 10-year-old girl, who was detained in the migratory station of the National Migration Institute in Mexico City, as well as of V2 and V3, all of them from Guatemala.

Responsible Authority

Commissioner of the National Migration Institute.



Recommendation

Recommendation No. 78/2019
September 25, 2019

https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/REC_2019_78.pdf

Issue

About the case of violations to the human rights to legal safety, personal integrity, and health protection in detriment of 130 migrants during a raid in the Municipality of Juan Rodríguez Clara, Veracruz.

Responsible Authority




Ministry of Public Safety and Protection, Governor of the State of Veracruz, and the Commissioner of the National Migration Institute.

SEGURIDAD
SECRETARÍA DE SEGURIDAD Y PROTECCIÓN CIUDADANA





VERACRUZ
GOBIERNO
DEL ESTADO


RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 79/2019 September 26, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-09/Rec_2019_79.pdf	About the case of violations to the right to legal safety, to health protection, and to the superior interest of the child in detriment of V1, V2 and V3, teenagers from Honduras and applicants for refugee recognition.	Commission of the National Migration Institute, General Coordination of the National Commission to Assist Refugees, General Directorate of the National System for Integral Family Development of the State of Chiapas. 
Recommendation No. 80/2019 September 26, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-10/REC_2019_80.pdf	About the case of violations to the human rights to health protection and information that resulted in the loss of life because of inadequate medical attention in detriment of V, an older person, in the General Hospital "B" of ISSSTE and in the General Hospital of the State of Hidalgo; and to the access to justice because of inadequate administration of justice in detriment of QV committed by the General Prosecutor's Office.	Institute for Social Security and Services for State Workers, Government of the State of Hidalgo, and General Prosecutor's Office. 
Recommendation No. 81/2019 September 30, 2019 https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-10/REC_2019_81.pdf	About the impugnation appeals promoted against the non-acceptance from the Municipal President of Jiutepec, of the recommendation from the State Commission of Human Rights of Morelos, and for its insufficient compliance by the State Commission of Public Security of Morelos.	Governor of the State of Morelos, members of the Municipality of Jiutepec, Morelos, and the President of the State Commission of Human Rights of Morelos. 

RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 82/2019 <i>September 30, 2019</i> https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-10/Rec_2019_82.pdf	About the case of violations to the right to health protection for medical negligence that resulted in the loss of life of V1, a 16-year-old woman; and to health information in detriment of QV, V2, V3 and V4, in the General Hospital Zone 24 of IMSS, in Mexico City.	General Director of the Mexican Social Security Institute. 

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 83/2019 <i>September 30, 2019</i> https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-10/Rec-2019-83.pdf	About the case of violations to the human rights to health protection, to a life free of obstetric violence because of inadequate medical attention, and to the access to health information in detriment of V1; and to the principle of the superior interest of the child in detriment of V2, in the Family Medicine General Hospital Zone 1 of IMSS, in La Paz, Baja California Sur.	General Director of the Mexican Social Security Institute. 

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 84/2019 <i>September 30, 2019</i> https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-10/REC_2019_84.pdf	About the case of inadequate medical attention and the loss of life of V1, in the General Hospital of Mexico "Dr. Eduardo Liceaga" of the Ministry of Health in Mexico City.	Ministry of health. 

RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 85/2019 <i>September 30, 2019</i> https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-10/Rec_2019_85.pdf	About the case of violations to the human rights to access to justice in its modality of administration, and to a life free of violence in detriment of V1; and to violation to the superior interest of the child of V2 and V3, attributed to public servants of the General Prosecutor of Justice of the State of Mexico.	General Prosecutor of Justice of the State of Mexico



Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 86/2019 <i>September 30, 2019</i> https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-10/REC_2019_086.pdf	About the case of violations to the human rights to legal safety in detriment of V1, V2 and V3; to personal integrity of V2; and to the superior interest of the child of V3.	General Directorate of the Federal Legal Advisory of the Executive Commission for Attention to Victims.



Recommendation	Issue	Responsible Authority
Recommendation No. 87/2019 <i>September 30, 2019</i> https://www.cndh.org.mx/sites/default/files/documentos/2019-10/Rec_2019_87.pdf	About the impugnation appeal for the non-acceptance of Recommendation 18/2017, issued by the State Commission of Human Rights of Guerrero, because of human rights violations in detriment of V.	Governor of the State of Guerrero, General Prosecutor of the State of Guerrero, and the President of the State Commission of Human Rights of Guerrero.



ARTICLE OF THE MONTH

Defending the ozone layer helps reducing global warming

António Guterres, UN Secretary-General warned that after a year recording unprecedented heat waves, extreme storms and diverse climate changes, no other option is foreseen but to act immediately. He highlighted that such action can be achieved next week, when world leaders gather during the Action Climate Summit at the UN headquarters in New York City, which looks forward “to create a massive increase of world ambition” to face the current situation on climate emergency.

On the occasion of Day for the Preservation of the Ozone Layer, he reminded that the Montreal Protocol has been so useful for three decades to slash the use of ozone-depleting chemicals, used largely by the cooling industry, which depletes the ozone layer. “As we prepare for this crucial meeting, we should remember that the treaty is both an inspirational example of how humanity is capable of cooperating to address a global challenge and a key instrument for tackling today’s climate crisis”, Guterres said.

Consequently, there has been a gradual recovery of the ozone layer that protect us from contra las damaging ultraviolet radiation coming from the Sun. Similarly, he affirmed that the protocol can be effective reducing hydrofluorocarbons, powerful climate-heating gases still used in cooling systems, through its Kigali amendment, Phasing these out could reduce global warming by up to 0.4°C this century.

<https://www.un.org/sg/en/content/sg/statement/2019-09-16/secretary-generals-message-the-international-day-for-the-preservation-of-the-ozone-layer-scroll-down-for-french>

BOOK OF THE MONTH

Read and write for living: initial literacy and real use of written language at school

MONTSERRAT FONS ESTEVE

NUMBER OF PAGES: 294 PAGES.

BINDING: SOFT COVER

PUBLISHER: GRAO

LANGUAGE: CASTILIAN

ISBN: 9788478273362



This book presents a global planification of the initial teaching and learning of reading and writing that gathers: current knowledge about what is reading and what writing is, the way of understanding nowadays how kids build their thinking, in other words, how they learn, and the different education practices that are useful to start de process of literacy, always on the global frame of the functioning in a classroom. The proposals presented have the merit of being tested directly in the classroom.

<https://latam.casadellibro.com/libro-leer-y-escribir-para-vivir-alfabetizacion-inicial-y-uso-real-de-la-lengua-escrita-en-la-escuela/9788478273362/976187>



Newsletter

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Consuelo Olvera Treviño

**Technical Secretary
of the Advisor Council**
Joaquín Narro Lobo

Periférico Sur 3469,
Col. San Jerónimo Lídice,
Alcaldía Magdalena Contreras,
C.P. 10200, Ciudad de México.
Teléfonos (55) 56 81 81 25 y 54 90 74 00,
Lada sin costo 01800 715 2000

Executive Secretary
Blvd. Adolfo López Mateos, 1922, 1er piso,
Col. Tlacopac, Alcaldía Álvaro Obregón,
C.P. 01049, Ciudad de México.
Teléfono: (52 55) 17 19 20 00 ext. 8058
Lada sin costo: 01 800 715 2000

Correspondencia
jcvillalobos@cndh.org.mx

